**昆八中2022-2023学年度下学期月考一**

特色高二英语答案

**第一部分　听力 (共20小题；每小题1.5分，满分30分)**

1-5 ABBAC 6.-10 CABAA 11. BCACC 16-20 BBABC

**第二部分　阅读理解 (共两节, 满分40分)**

第一节 (共11小题；每小题2.5分, 满分27.5分)

21-23 CAB 24-27 BBCA 28-31 CADD

第二节 (共5小题；每小题2.5分, 满分12.5分)

32．D    33．C    34．G    35．A    36．B

**第三部分　语言知识运用 (共三节, 满分40分)**

第一节　完形填空 (共15小题，每小题1分, 满分15分)

37-41 BCCDD    42-46 BAABD    47-51 CBDBC

第二节 语法填空（共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 52．at | 53. actually | 54．its | 55．dealing | 56．an |
| 57．recyclable | 58. to break | 59．patterns | 60．is wasted | 61．simplest |

第三节 单词拼写（共10小题，每小题1分，满分10分）

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 62．advertise/advertize | 63．delicate | 64．conservation | 65．racial | 66．melted |
| 67．dawn | 68．guidance | 69．assign | 70．abandon | 71．recreation |

1. **写作（共两节，满分40分）**

第一节（满分15分）

Dear Smith,

I’m more than pleased to know that we are planning to open a Chinese study in our school. As an exchange student from China, I’m happy to give my suggestions.

Firstly, the study can be designed in traditional Chinese style, providing readers with a strong Chinese cultural atmosphere. Secondly, it may be helpful to offer some excellent books that reflect Chinese culture to help readers raise their reading interest and broaden their cultural horizons. In addition, holding regular reading exchange meetings or lectures on traditional Chinese culture will also make the study more appealing.

Hope my ideas will be helpful!

Yours sincerely,

Li Hua

第二节（满分25分）

*Tom noticed the flame was reaching up.* Frozen with fear, he stood rooted to the spot. He comprehended the gravity of the situation and held Jane's hand tightly. By then, both of them were coughing and their eyes were stinging. Time seemed to stand still, though they were probably there for only two or three minutes. Tom begged Jane to run for safety as quickly as possible. Jane tried to shield her nose from the choking smoke and shook her head. She kept pounding against the door. Tom burst out crying.

*Luckily, some neighbors passing by stopped and offered help*. A sense of strength immediately replaced the mounting fear and anxiety in Jane's mind. She told them Makcik must be still in the room. They forced the door open with all their might. Sure enough, Makcik was lying in bed, unconscious. She was carried downstairs. And then some neighbours rushed her to the hospital, where she finally came to herself. People in the neighbourhood felt relieved. Jane and Tom's joy was immense.

**答案详解**

**第二部分　阅读理解 (共两节, 满分40分)**

**第一节(共11小题，每小题2.5分, 满分27.5分)**

**A**

21．C 22．A 23．B

【导语】本文是一篇应用文。文章介绍了四所英语语言学校的特点以及收费情况。

21．细节理解题。根据Interactive English School, Brighton部分中“Being a small school means we can cater for your individual needs more easily than larger schools can. (作为一所小型学校，我们可以比大型学校更容易满足你的个人需求)”可知，Interactive English School可以提供满足个人需求的课程，故选C。

22．细节理解题。根据New School of English, Cambridge部分中“The school is open all year and provides a range of English language courses for adults aged at least 16 from all over the world. (学校全年开放，为来自世界各地至少16岁的成年人提供一系列英语语言课程)”可知，参加该课程的学生至少16岁，即该学校有着明确的年龄限定，故选A。

23．推理判断题。根据Burlington School, London部分中“Our standard of teaching is high, with courses in General and Specialist English. (我们的教学水平很高，有普通英语和专业英语课程)”同时，根据剩下三所学校的名字“Interactive English School, Brighton(互动英语学校，布莱顿)”；“University of Liverpool, English Language Centre (利物浦大学英语语言中心)”以及“New School of English, Cambridge (剑桥新英语学院)”可知，这四所学校都是教授英语的语言学校，故外国英语学习者可能会对这些学校感兴趣，故选B。

**B**

24．B 25．B 26．C 27．A

【导语】这是一篇新闻报道。主要介绍了一对听力受损的夫妻，通过互联网技术，为有同样听力障碍的人们搭建提供新闻，实时信息以及网购的平台。

24．推理判断题。根据第一段 “Thousands of netizens watched the livestreaming (直播) room “Rabbit Sister Wang Yihan” while waiting for a link to the goods to be updated soon. Unlike others, this was quiet with only background music. The six-hour livestreaming received some 74,000 views, with the sales of goods over 700,000 yuan.”（成千上万名网友一边观看“兔姐王意涵”的直播间，一边等待即将更新的商品的链接。与其他直播间不同，这里很安静，只有背景音乐。六小时的直播获得了约7.4万次观看，商品销售额超过70万元。）可知，这一段通过观看人次和商品销售额，向我们展示了这个“安静”的直播间的受欢迎。故选B。

25．细节理解题。根据第三段中“Though WeChat has improved communication, many hearing impaired people often encounter online traps and suffer great loss, which is caused by the lack of channels to get information. That is why he decided to take up the business.”（尽管微信改善了沟通，但许多听障人士经常遇到网络陷阱，并遭受巨大损失，这是由于缺乏获取信息的渠道造成的。这就是他决定从事这项事业的原因。）可知，现在网络上存在很多无用的甚至是欺骗性的信息，易先生是为了让听障人士获得真实有用的信息，让他们免遭损失，才决定建立一个公众号，给听障人士提供新闻和实时信息。故选B。

26．细节理解题。根据第一段中“Unlike others, this was quiet with only background music.”（与其他直播间不同，这里很安静，只有背景音乐。）以及第四段中“In 2019, Yi decided to have a livestreaming room for his followers, selling products in sign language.”（2019年，易先生决定为他的粉丝开设一个直播间，用手语销售产品。）可知，他的直播间是用手语销售的，是不说话的，故选C。

27．推理判断题。根据第三段中 “On Feb 8, 2017, Yi created his first WeChat public account named “Daxiong’s talk”, which delivers news and real-time event information.”（2017年2月8日，易先生创建了自己的第一个微信公众号，名为“大雄的谈话”，提供新闻和实时事件信息。）；第四段中 “In 2019, Yi decided to have a livestreaming room for his followers, selling products in sign language.”（2019年，易先生决定为他的粉丝开设一个直播间，用手语销售产品。）以及最后一段中“With the help of the Internet and technology, he wants to offer more services his followers need such as communication, translation, employment training and matchmaking.”（在互联网和技术的帮助下，他想为他的粉丝提供更多的服务，如交流、翻译、就业培训和婚介。）可知，易先生作为一位听力障碍人士，创建公众号为和他有同样情况的人提供有用的信息，用手语向他们推荐可靠而又价格合理的物品，而且会坚持下去提供更多样化的服务，说明他是一个很体贴周到而又愿意奉献的人。故选A。

**C**

28．C 29．A 30．D 31．D

【导语】本文是议论文。文章讨论了电子书和印刷书籍各自的优缺点，并对其未来做出预测。

28．推理判断题。根据第二段中的“They are quicker to obtain(它们更容易被获取)”和“Secondly, e-books can be easily and quickly kept up to date.(其次，电子书可以轻松快速地更新)”及“It also makes it easier to share this information with families and friends.(这也使得与家人和朋友分享这些信息变得更容易)”可知，电子书更新快，获取方便，易于分享。由此推知，电子书可以快速地传递信息，故选C。

29．推理判断题。根据第三段前两句“For nearly twenty years, additionally, futurists have been predicting the development of printed books. The conventional view has been that digital e-books are on the verge of replacing paper books.(此外，近二十年来，未来学家一直在预测印刷书籍的发展。普遍观点认为，数字电子书即将取代纸质书)”可知，未来学家认为未来电子书将取代印刷书籍。由此推知，未来学家可能会同意印刷书籍即将消失这个观点。故选A。

30．细节理解题。根据倒数第二段第一句“I believe that the online publishing has not taken off because people want real books.(我认为在线出版并没有成功是因为人们想要真正的书)”可知，在线出版没有成功的原因是人们对印刷书籍的需求，故选D。

31．推理判断题。根据最后一段第一句“To sum up, there is no denying that the printed book is still very much preferred over its digital cousins.(综上所述，不可否认的是，印刷书籍仍然比数字书籍更受欢迎)”及最后一句“People are still very interested in real books and notebooks.(人们仍然对真正的书籍和笔记本非常感兴趣)”可以看出，作者认为印刷书籍的未来是有希望的，故选D。

**第二节 七选五（共5小题；每小题2.5分，满分12.5分）**

32．D    33．C    34．G    35．A    36．B

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。本文主要阐述是我们为什么要读诗，读诗可以使我们安静，可以让我们学到很多。

32．上一句提到“Many of us read poetry simply because we often feel depressed and hopelessly lost, and in poetry we see how beautiful and strange everything is.(我们中的许多人阅读诗歌仅仅是因为我们经常感到沮丧和绝望，在诗歌中我们看到了一切是多么美丽和奇怪)”可知，上一句提到了沮丧、迷茫，在诗中我们能看到一切都那么美丽和奇怪，暗示该空含义是通过读诗可以让我们平静下来，因此，D选项“So in that way poetry calm our anxiety(这样，诗歌就平息了我们的焦虑)”切题，该选项中的“calm our anxiety”与上一句中的“depressed and hopelessly lost”想对应，故选D项。

33．根据下一句提到“They are not all calming. Some poems make me anxious, scared, and sad, which is why I value them.(他们并不都是平静的。有些诗让我感到焦虑、恐惧和悲伤，这就是为什么我珍视它们)”可知，并不是所有的诗都是平静的，有些诗让我感到焦虑、恐惧和悲伤，此处阐述诗有许多种类。因此，C选项“There are many different kinds of poems.(有许多不同种类的诗)”切题，故选C项。

34．根据上一句提到“Usually this is done by setting up a rhythm and then breaking it or almost breaking it, and then returning to it again(通常，这是通过设定一个节奏，然后打破它或几乎打破它，然后再次回到它)”可知，设立韵律，打破它，或快打破，又返回等，推知这样的诗满足了作者对顺序和测试边界的渴望，因此，G选项“This satisfies my desire for order and also my desire for testing boundaries. (这满足了我对秩序的渴望，也满足了我对测试边界的渴望)”切题，故选G项。

35．由下文中的“Words mean two or three things at once and lots of suggestions are packed between the lines(词语同时意味着两到三个事情，字里行间塞满了许多暗示)”可知，诗是复杂难懂的，因此，A选项“Many poems are complicated(许多诗都很复杂)”切题。故选A项。

36．根据该断第一句“And, of course, there’s the subject matters.( 当然，还有一些主题。我很感兴趣)” 和该空的下一句“…but then not all stories and essays do, either.(但并非所有的故事和文章都是如此)”可知，作者并非对所有的诗感兴趣，因此，B选项“Not all poems interest me in this way(并不是所有的诗都让我这样感兴趣)”切题，故选B项。

**第三部分　语言知识运用 (共三节, 满分40分)**

**第一节　完形填空 (共15小题，每小题1分, 满分15分)**

37-41 BCCDD    42-46 BAABD    47-51 CBDBC

【导语】本文是夹叙夹议文。本文记述了自己在唐人街买鱼的经历，并反思汉语与中华文化的关系。

37．考查名词词义辨析。句意：我三岁的时候，我的父母用卡片教我汉字，但我把它们推开了。A. customs习俗；B. characters汉字；C. scenery风景；D. language语言。根据“flashed cards with Chinese”可知，卡片上有中国汉字，故选B。

38．考查名词词义辨析。句意：但是这个时间从未到来。A. chance机会；B. argument争论;  C. time时间；D. success成功。根据上文“when I was ready”可知，此空与when对应表示“时间未到”，故选C。

39．考查动词词义辨析。句意：除夕那天，我的叔叔跟我说汉语，我只能盯着他看，很是困惑，手一直挠着头。A. aim旨在；B. laugh笑；C. stare凝视；C. nod点头。根据“confused”可知，作者不知所措，只能盯着叔叔看，故选C。

40．考查动词短语辨析。句意：你甚至在唐人街都买不了鱼。A. fix a price确定价格；B. talk business谈生意；C. make a living谋生；D. buy fish买鱼。根据“Remember to ask for fresh fish”可知，此处应该是买鱼，故选D。

41．考查名词词义辨析。句意：我转向妈妈，请求她的允许。A. decision决定；B. preparation准备；C. information信息；D. permission允许。根据“‘Remember to ask for fresh fish, Xin Xian Yu,’ she said, handing over a $ 20 bill”可知，作者转身请求妈妈允许他去买鱼，故选D。

42．考查动词词义辨析。句意：我重复着妈妈说的，下楼跑向唐人街。A. reviewed复习；B.  repeated重复；C. spelled拼写；D. kept保持。根据上文“Remember to ask for fresh fish, Xin Xian Yu”可知，我不会汉语，故需要重复着妈妈说的话，故选B。

43．考查名词词义辨析。句意：我发现鱼摊被顾客包围着。A. stand摊位；B. farm农场；C.  pond池塘；D. market市场。根据“I’d like to buy some fresh fish”可知，我到了鱼摊，故选A。

44．考查动词词义辨析。句意：他转身去服务另一个顾客。A. serve服务；B. ask要求；C.  invite邀请；D. help帮助。But表示转折，因此我并没有得到服务，故选A。

45．考查名词词义辨析。句意：他们越来越不耐心，笑声越来越大。A. temper脾气；B. impatience不耐心；C. obstruction 阻碍；D.  astonishment惊讶。根据“I’d like to buy some fresh fish”可知，作者没有说汉语而是英语，周围的人嘲笑作者，对作者没有耐心，故选B。

46．考查动词词义辨析。句意：我感到呼吸沉重，热血沸腾，这迫使我大叫起来。A. allowing允许；B. reminding提醒；C. persuading劝服；D. forcing强迫。根据“my blood boiling”可知，作者被激怒了，因此作者强迫自己大声喊出自己想买的东西，故选D。

47．考查形容词词义辨析。句意：我的脸红红的，除了妈妈给我的纸笔，我两手空空地回了家。A. bright明亮的； B. blank空的；C. red红的；D. grey灰白的。根据blood boiling、shout out可知作者很恼怒，脸应该红红的，故选C。

48．考查形容词词义辨析。句意：我的脸红红的，除了妈妈给我的纸笔，我两手空空地回了家。A. tongue-tied说不出话的；B. empty-handed空空如也；C. open-mouthed张开嘴的；D.  broken-hearted伤心的。根据后文“except for the $20 bill I held tightly in my pocket”可知，作者没有买成鱼，两手空空地回去了，故选B。

49．考查介词词组。句意：我应该感到宾至如归才对。A. in control控制；B. with pleasure很乐意；C. beyond doubt无容置疑；D. at home在家。根据“They’re Chinese. ”可知，作者觉得大家都是中国人，应该感觉像在家里一样，故选D。

50．考查名词词义辨析。句意：有时，我会笑话我的买鱼经历，但最后我自己却成了笑话本身。A. trade交易；B. incident事件；C. challenge挑战；D. deed行动。根据上文叙述的故事，这次买鱼未成功，故我笑话我的买鱼事件，故选B。

51．考查动词词义辨析。句意：每一次嘲笑都是文化印记的模糊；每一次嘲笑都是祖先馈赠的遗失。A. thrown扔；B. divided分割；C. lost丢失；D. reflected反映，反思。根据“every laugh is my heritage fading away”可知，作者认为自己每一次的自嘲实际上都意味着与自己的文化和传统渐行渐远，是文化的遗失和传统的逝去，故选C。

**第二节 语法填空（共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 52．at | 53. actually | 54．its | 55．dealing | 56．an |
| 57．recyclable | 58. to break | 59．patterns | 60．is wasted | 61．simplest |

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。今年流行背什么包？如果你稍微留意一下，你会发现周围的很多女生都背着棉布手提袋，看上去轻便又环保。但是棉布袋真的对环境无害吗？事实可能会让你大吃一惊！

52．考查介词。句意：棉袋已成为品牌、零售商和超市表示对地球友好心态的一种手段，或至少表明公司意识到包装中过度使用塑料。此空考查 at least 表“至少”，为固定介词短语搭配。故填at。

53．考查副词。句意：到目前为止，对地球友好吗？不完全是这样。事实证明，全心接受棉袋实际上可能带来了一个新问题。此空应填副词形式修饰后面动词have created。故填actually。

54．考查代词。句意：一个有机棉袋需要使用2万次才能减少其对生产的整体影响。设空处后为名词impact，设空处应用形容词性的物主代词来修饰名词。故填its。

55．考查动名词。句意：美国缅因大学的一位环境科学教授表示，棉花是一种耗水量大的作物，要想以对环境影响小的方式处理棉花袋，并不像人们想象的那么简单。设空处在句中作非谓语，of为介词其后需要动名词作宾语。故填dealing。

56．考查冠词。句意见上题解析。此空应填不定冠词，且environmental是以元音音素开始的单词，所以应用不定冠词an。故填an。

57．考查形容词。句意：即使一个袋子被送到了处理厂，大多数用于在袋子上打印标识的材料都是基于pvc的，因此不能回收。此处需要形容词作表语，recyclable表“可以循环利用的”。故填recyclable。

58．考查非谓语动词。句意：它们很难用化学方法分解。此处为“主语+be+形容词+不定式”结构，需要用不定式主动形式表示被动意义。故填to break。

59．考查名词。句意：印花图案必须从布料上剪下来。由谓语动词have可知，设空处需用名词复数形式表示泛指。故填patterns。

60．考查动词时态语态。句意：Stanev先生估计Evrnu收到的棉花有10%到15%被浪费了。设空处在句中作谓语；此处表示客观情况，应用一般现在时，cotton与waste之间为被动关系，需用被动语态。故填is wasted。

61．考查形容词最高级。句意：最后，最简单的解决方案可能是最明显的。设空处后为名词，可知设空处应为形容词的形式，由空格前的定冠词the可知，此处应用最高级。故填simplest。

1. **单词拼写（共10小题，每小题1分，满分10分）**

62．advertise/advertize

【详解】考查动词。句意：政府将允许他们在广播和电视上为产品做广告。根据句意及首字母提示可知，应使用动词advertise/advertize，意为“为……做广告，登广告”；allow sb to do sth“允许某人做某事”，用动词不定式作宾语补足语。故填advertise/advertize。

63．delicate

【详解】考查形容词。句意：虽然珊瑚看起来很硬，但实际上很脆弱的。结合句子的“Although the coral looks hard”和“actually”可知空格处单词意思和hard相反，结合首字母提示可知填入形容词delicate作表语，意为“脆弱的，易碎的”，故填delicate。

64．conservation

【详解】考查名词。句意：该组织成立于1889年，旨在保护野生鸟类。根据单词首字母以及句意“保护”可知，空格处涉及单词“conservation”，意为“保护”，为不可数名词，作介词“for”的宾语，故填conservation。

65．racial

【详解】考查形容词。句意：这两国开战很久以前就积聚了根深蒂固的种族歧视。根据句意“种族歧视”和单词首字母可知，此处应填形容词racial，作定语修饰prejudice，racial prejudice表示“种族歧视”，故填racial。

66．melted

【详解】考查。句意：雪已经融化了，但湖水仍然冻得很硬。分析句子，设空处应该填写过去分词与前文构成过去完成时。根据句意melt为动词，意为“融化”，故填melted。

67. dawn

【详解】考查名词。句意：他们冲破营地，在黎明前开始行军。分析句子结构可知，介词before后使用名词作宾语，黎明应用 “dawn”，故填dawn。

68．guidance

【详解】考查名词。句意：每当我们在学习中遇到问题，我们总是可以寻求老师的帮助和指导。和抽象名词help一起，用抽象名词guidance作并列宾语，故填guidance。

69．assign

【详解】考查动词。句意：比如说，你应该给每一个订单分配一个独特的订单号。根据所给汉语可知，此处应用动词assign，且空前有情态动词might，故此处应用动词原形，故填assign。

70．abandon

【详解】考查不定式。句意：暴风雨越来越大了。最后，我被迫弃车继续步行。表示“放弃”为动词abandon。be obliged to do sth.“被迫做某事”，to是不定式符号，所以填原形，故填abandon。

71．recreation

【详解】考查名词。句意：人们对消遣、教育和娱乐也有强烈的需求。根据汉语提示及句子结构可知，设空处与education和entertainment并列，故填不可数名词recreation，作宾语，故填recreation。

**第四部分 写作（共两节，满分40分）**

**第一节（满分15分）**

Dear Smith,

I’m more than pleased to know that we are planning to open a Chinese study in our school. As an exchange student from China, I’m happy to give my suggestions.

Firstly, the study can be designed in traditional Chinese style, providing readers with a strong Chinese cultural atmosphere. Secondly, it may be helpful to offer some excellent books that reflect Chinese culture to help readers raise their reading interest and broaden their cultural horizons. In addition, holding regular reading exchange meetings or lectures on traditional Chinese culture will also make the study more appealing.

Hope my ideas will be helpful!

Yours sincerely,

Li Hua

【导语】本篇书面表达属于应用文。考生作为在伦敦某中学的交换生，学校即将开设一个中国书房，现要求考生给学校负责人Smith写一封建议信，提出相应的意见。

【详解】1.词汇积累

非常：more than→extremely/very

开心的：happy → delighted

建议：suggestion→ recommendation

吸引人的：appealing→ attractive

2.句式拓展

简单句变复合句

原句：Firstly, the study can be designed in traditional Chinese style, providing readers with a strong Chinese cultural atmosphere.

拓展句：Firstly, the study can be designed in traditional Chinese style, which will provide readers with a strong Chinese cultural atmosphere.

【点睛】【高分句型1】Firstly, the study can be designed in traditional Chinese style, providing readers with a strong Chinese cultural atmosphere.（运用了现在分词作伴随状语）

【高分句型2】 In addition, holding regular reading exchange meetings or lectures on traditional Chinese culture will also make the study more appealing.（运用了动名词作主语）

**第二节（满分25分）**

*Tom noticed the flame was reaching up.* Frozen with fear, he stood rooted to the spot. He comprehended the gravity of the situation and held Jane's hand tightly. By then, both of them were coughing and their eyes were stinging. Time seemed to stand still, though they were probably there for only two or three minutes. Tom begged Jane to run for safety as quickly as possible. Jane tried to shield her nose from the choking smoke and shook her head. She kept pounding against the door. Tom burst out crying.

*Luckily, some neighbors passing by stopped and offered help*. A sense of strength immediately replaced the mounting fear and anxiety in Jane's mind. She told them Makcik must be still in the room. They forced the door open with all their might. Sure enough, Makcik was lying in bed, unconscious. She was carried downstairs. And then some neighbours rushed her to the hospital, where she finally came to herself. People in the neighbourhood felt relieved. Jane and Tom's joy was immense.

【分析】本文以人物为线索展开，叙述了10的汤姆和他的姐姐清晨发现所住的公寓发生火灾，简和汤姆冲出门，穿过烟雾沿着走廊走去，他们正朝走廊尽头的楼梯走去，这时简停住了脚步。她转过身，简突然想起了住在他们隔壁的那位70多岁的老妇人。

【详解】

1.段落续写：

①由第一段首句内容“汤姆注意到火焰正在蔓延”可知，第一段可描写简和汤姆救人的艰辛过程。

②由第二段首句内容“幸运的是，一些路过的邻居停了下来，并提供了帮助”可知，第二段可描写在邻居的帮助下，那位70多岁的老妇人获救以及简和汤姆的心情。

2.续写线索：恐惧——汤姆祈求离开危险区域——简坚持敲门———邻居帮忙，破门而入将70多岁的老妇人台下楼梯送往医院——简和汤姆的心情

3.词汇激活

行为类

努力做某事：try to do sth/struggle to do sth

取代：replace/take the place of

突然大哭：burst out crying/burst into tears

情绪类

无意识的：unconscious/insensible

巨大的：enormous/immense

【点睛】[高分句型1]. Time seemed to stand still, though they were probably there for only two or three minutes.（由though引导的让步状语从句）

[高分句型2]. And then some neighbours rushed her to the hospital, where she finally came to herself.  （where引导的非限制性定语从句）

**听力原文**

**Text 1**

M: **Can you tell me how to get to the railway station from here?** **(1)**

W: I’d love to help you, but I’m a stranger here myself.

**Text 2**

W: **Jim has a good memory. I wish he would be here on time. This is the third time we have had to wait for him. (2)**

M: Not surprising at all. That’s Jim.

**Text 3**

W: Why do you want to work here part-time?

M: First, **I want to get some money to pay for my school fees. (3)** Second, I want to practice my English with the foreign tourists.

**Text 4**

M: I hear you are moving into a new flat soon.

W: Yes, even though it is more expensive. **My present neighbor plays the piano all night long. I can’t stand it!** **(4)**

**Text 5**

W: The Hilton Hotel, please. I have a 10:30 appointment.

M: You’ll be there in plenty of time... Here we are. You still have five minutes left before your meeting. **That’ll be $8.50, please.**

W: Thank you. **Here’s $10.00. Keep the change. (5)**

**Text 6**

M: The Harbin Ice Festival looks amazing this year.

W: Yes, **did you see the huge tower made of snow? I didn’t believe such a thing could be built. It’s incredible. (6)**

M: There are also snow animals and a giant clock.

W: We must go. It will be our loss if we don’t.

M: **It’s a very long way to travel. It will take forever. (7)**

W: Oh, we’ll be fine. Just pack some warm clothes. I don’t think it will be too expensive.

M: OK. It will be a new way to spend a holiday.

★ 哈尔滨冰雪节（Harbin Ice Festival）：全称为哈尔滨国际冰雪节（Harbin International Ice and Snow Festival），是我国历史上第一个以冰雪活动为内容的国际性节日，持续一个月，它与日本札幌雪节、加拿大魁北克冬季狂欢节和挪威奥斯陆滑雪节并称世界四大冰雪节。它于1985年1月5日创办，成为世界冰雪盛会。目前，经地方立法，1月5日已成为哈尔滨人的盛大节日。

**Text 7**

W: Hey! Funny running into you here. Are you getting food for dinner too?

M: Yes, **I’m in charge of the shopping today. (8)** I want to make hamburgers tonight.

W: **Oh, there’s a sale on beef! (8)** **It’s usually $10 a package, but today it’s half-price. (9)** I just got 3 for $15!

M: **I saw! I just grabbed one as well! (8) (9)** **But now I need burger buns. Do you know where I can find the bread section? (10)**

W: Yeah, just walk past the milk and eggs and you should see a lot of different kinds of bread.

M: Thanks! I’ll try them!

**Text 8 (第11题为推断题)**

M: **Can I go over to my friend Tyler’s house? (12)**

W: Do I know him?

M: Yes, he’s on the basketball team.

W: Oh, right. But I thought I told you earlier, you can’t go anywhere until you clean your room, especially now when you want to go to a party.

M: I’m not! **We have a math test tomorrow and we’re going to study together. (12)**

W: Even so, **you need to clean your room first.** **(13)** It’s a total mess! Your dirty clothes are all over the floor.

M: But I promise I’ll clean it when I come back. I’ll even do the dishes after dinner tomorrow.

W: No, sorry. Do it now, and then you can leave. You don’t even need to worry about the dishes. Your daddy would do the dishes.

M: **OK, fine. (13)** You win!

**Text 9**

W: Let’s take the day off and go to the beach.

M: Usually, I’d say no because I have so much work to do in the office. But that sounds really good to me. Where do you want to go?

W: **How about Ocean Beach? (14)**

M: **It’s too cold for that today.** **(14) Why don’t we drive south to that nice little lake? Remember that place? We used to go there when we were first married. (15)** It has a beautiful beach and it’s usually warmer than it is around here.

W: That’s a two-hour drive from here!

M: So what? Today is Friday. Let’s spend the whole weekend down there.

W: I’d love that. No washing or cleaning. Perfect! **I’ll go pack our things. (16)** Let’s leave soon.

M: OK, it’ll take me about an hour to finish up this paperwork. I’ll drop it off at the office on our way.

**Text 10 (第20题为总结题)**

**My mom works in a hospital. (17)** Because of the coronavirus disease, I worry about her every day when she leaves for work. I often tell her to take care. There have only been a few sick people in our city, but we don’t know what will happen in the future. That’s why my mom is trying to keep our family safe too. **When she comes home from work, she is extra careful. She enters from a door that the rest of us don’t use, and there’s a sink for her to wash her hands as soon as she walks in. (18)** At home, she doesn’t get too close when she talks to us, and she usually stays in her own room. I know it’s because she wants to keep us safe, but I just wish we could spend more time together. **I take pride in everything my mom’s doing, (19)** but I also miss her hugs.